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# **Comparitors and Schmitt Triggers**

## **EE 206 Circuits I**

### **Jake Glower - Lecture #16**

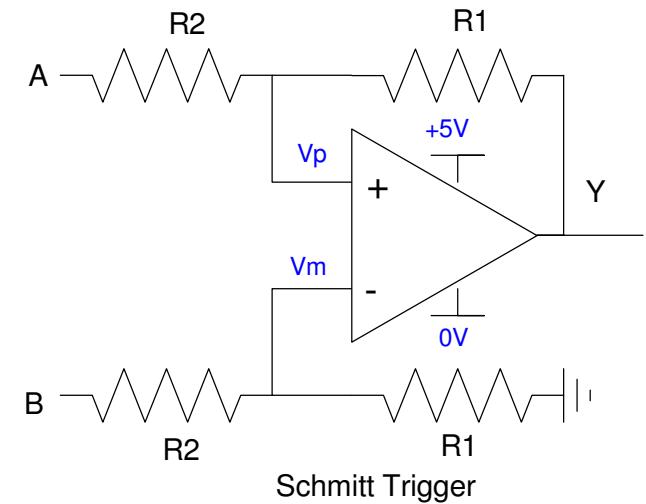
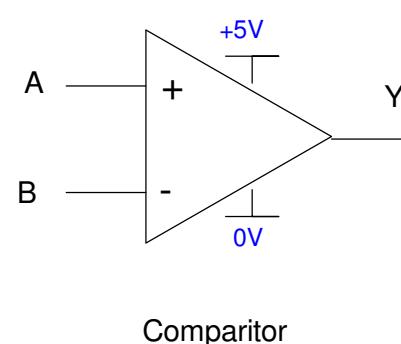
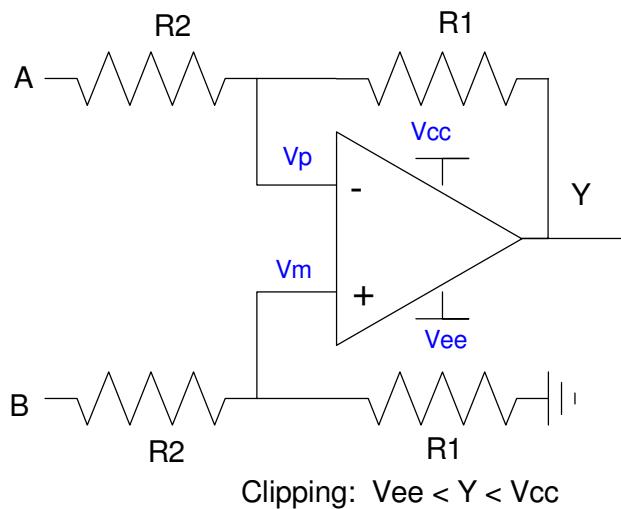
Please visit Bison Academy for corresponding  
lecture notes, homework sets, and solutions

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# Comparitors and Schmitt Triggers

$V_p = V_m$  does not *always* hold

- Clipping (if you try to output  $Y > V_{cc}$ ,  $Y$  clips at  $V_{cc}$ )
- A comparitor circuit (no feedback), or
- A Schmitt trigger (positive feedback).



## **Clipping**

- If you are using negative feedback  $V_p = V_m$
- Unless you try to output a voltage that exceeds your power supplies

Example:



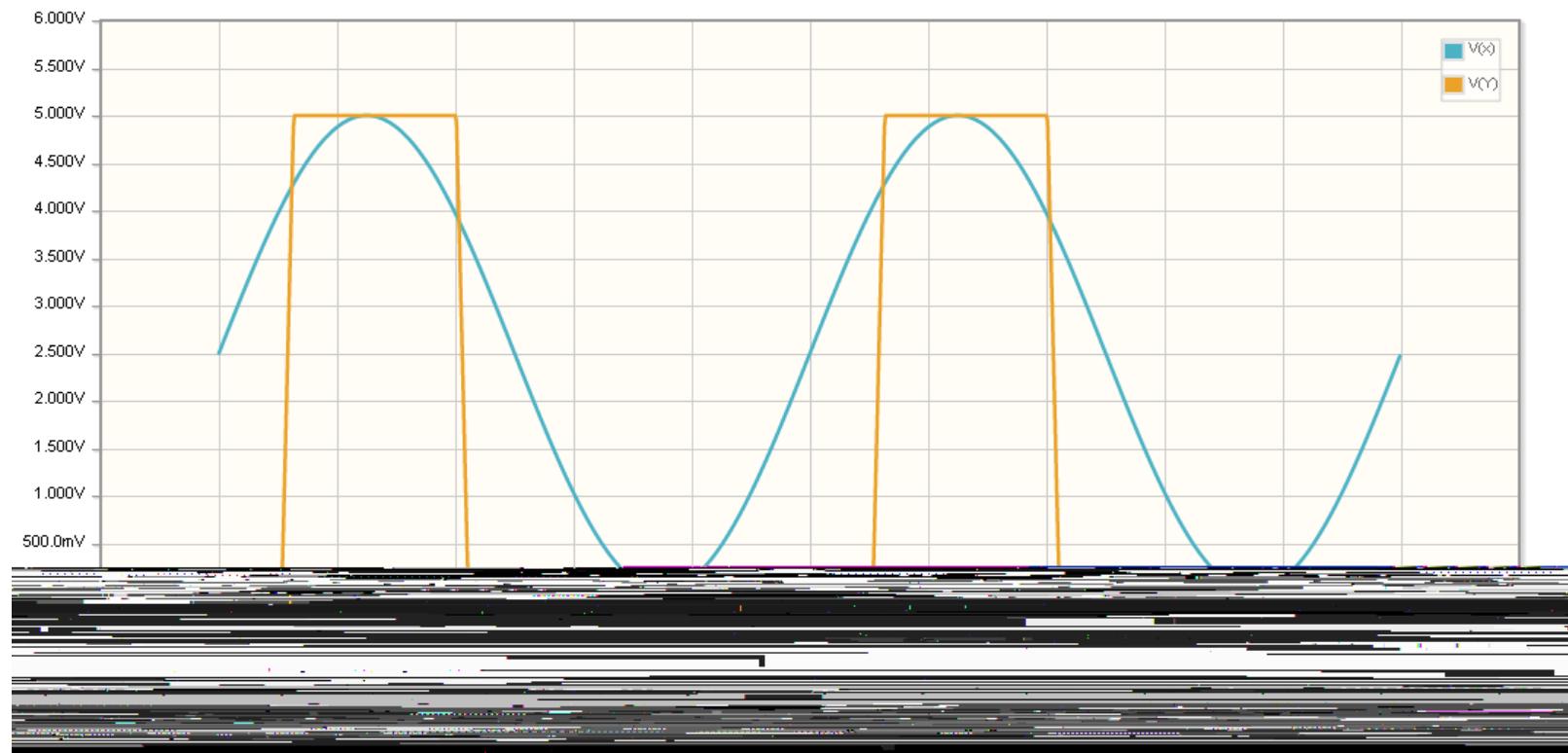






## CircuitLab Example:

- $X = 1\text{Vp}, 1\text{kHz}$  sine wave
- $y(t) = \begin{cases} 5\text{V} & x > 4.0\text{V} \\ 0\text{V} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$



## Temperature Sensor Output

- +5V when the temperature is above +20C
- 0V when the temperature is below +20C

Use a thermistor where

$$R = 1000 \exp \frac{3905}{T+273} - \frac{3905}{298} \text{ W}$$

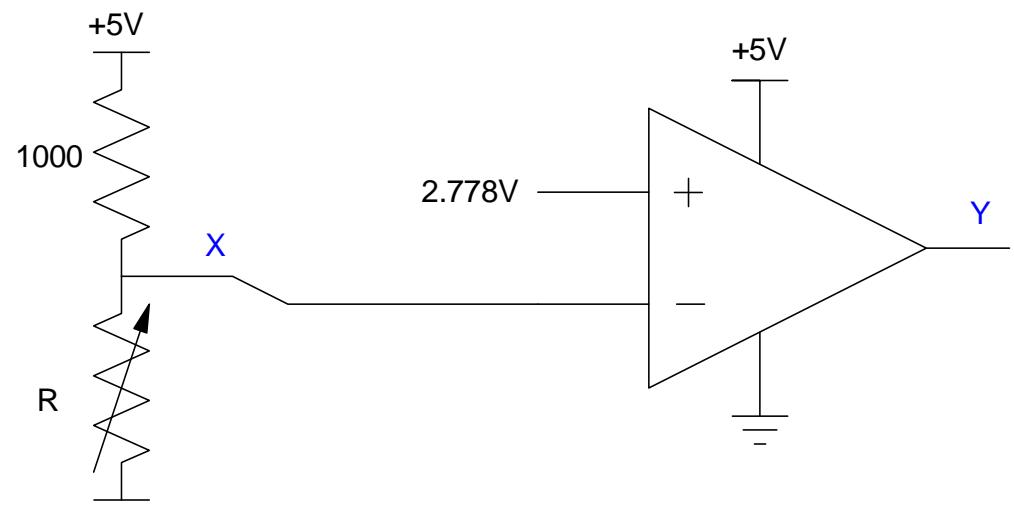
Solution: Use a voltage divider

- R = 1250.59 Ohms
- X = 2.7784V

As temperature goes up

- R goes down
- X goes down, and
- Y goes up (to +5V)

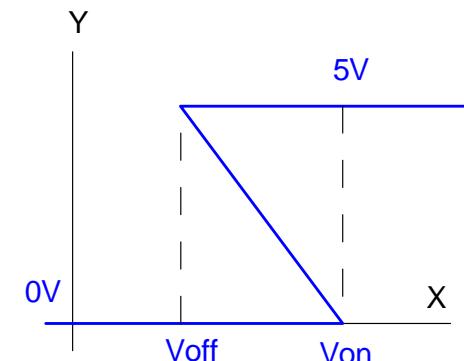
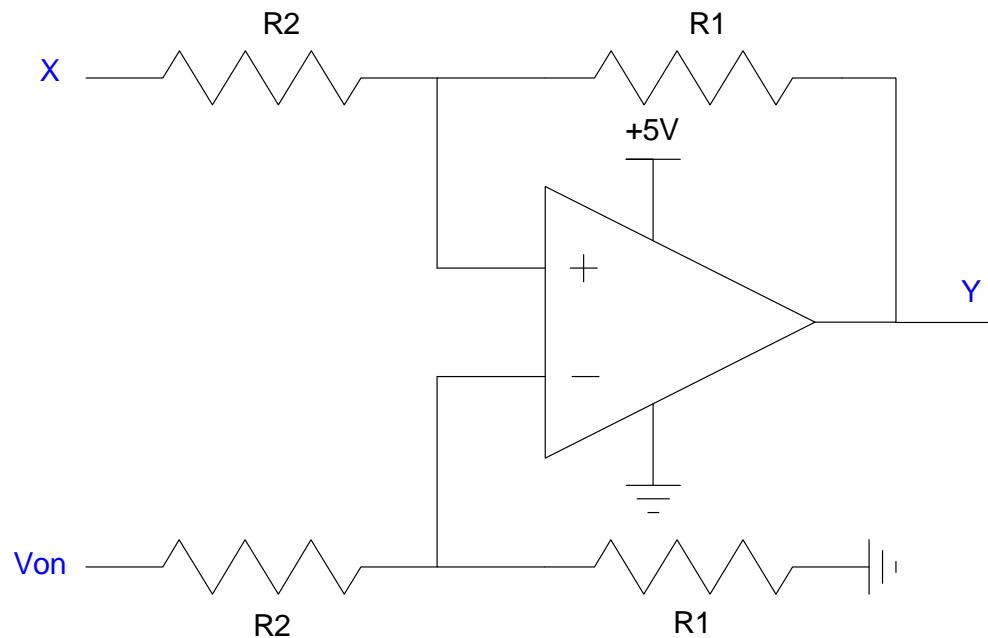
Connect the voltage divider to the negative input.



# Schmitt Trigger

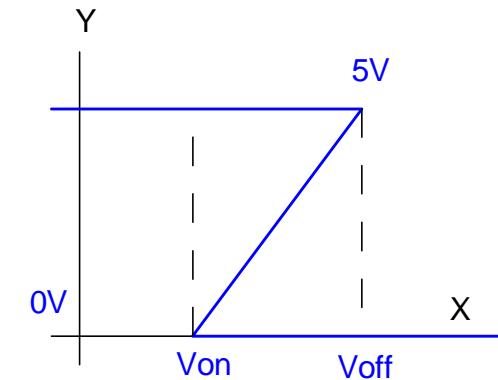
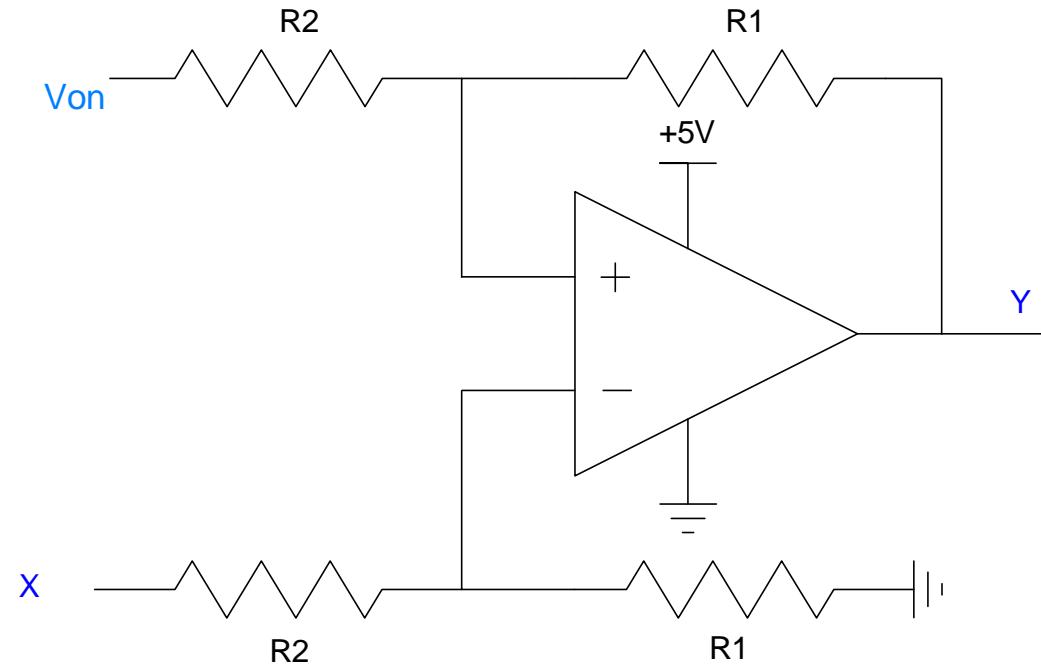
- Comparitors chatter when  $V_p = V_m$
- To avoid this chatter, add hysteresis

$$Y = \begin{array}{ll} 5V & X > V_{on} \\ 0V & X < V_{off} \\ \text{no change} & V_{off} < X < V_{on} \end{array}$$



Flip inputs to get opposite relationship (Y = off when X is large)

$$\text{gain} = \frac{5V - 0V}{V_{\text{off}} - V_{\text{on}}} = \frac{R_1}{R_2}$$



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Example: Design a circuit which outputs

- 5V for temperatures more than 20C
- 0V for temperatures below 15C, and
- No change of 15C < T < 20C

Solution: Use a Schmitt Trigger. First, convert temperature to resistance and voltage. Assume a thermistor where

$$R = 1000 \exp \frac{3905}{T+273} - \frac{3905}{298} \text{ W}$$

along with a voltage divider with a 1k resistor.

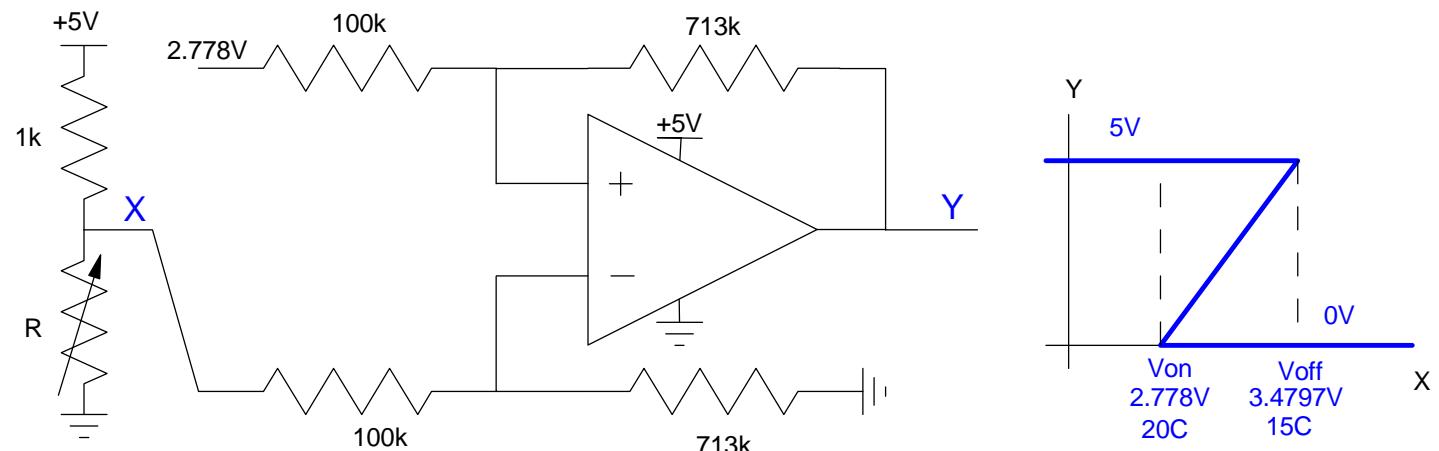
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At 20C (on)

- R = 1250.59 Ohms
- X = 2.7784V
- Y = 5.00V

At 15C (off)

- R = 1576.17 Ohms
- X = 3.0591 V
- Y = 0.00V



As X goes up, Y goes down. Connect to the minpin. Y turns on at 2.7784V. Make the offset 2.7784V.

The gain required is

$$\text{gain} = \frac{5V - 0V}{3.4797V - 2.7784V} = 7.1296$$

Pick R1 and R2 in a 7.1296 : 1 ratio

Validation in CircuitLab

- 
- Sweep temperature and verify that Y switches at 20C and 15C, or
  - Sweep R and verify that Y switches at 1250 Ohms and 1576 Ohms, or
  - Sweep the voltage at X and verify that Y switches at 2.778V and 3.4797V

X = blue

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$Y = \text{orange}$

- $V_{on} = 2.760V$
- $V_{off} = 3.514V$

