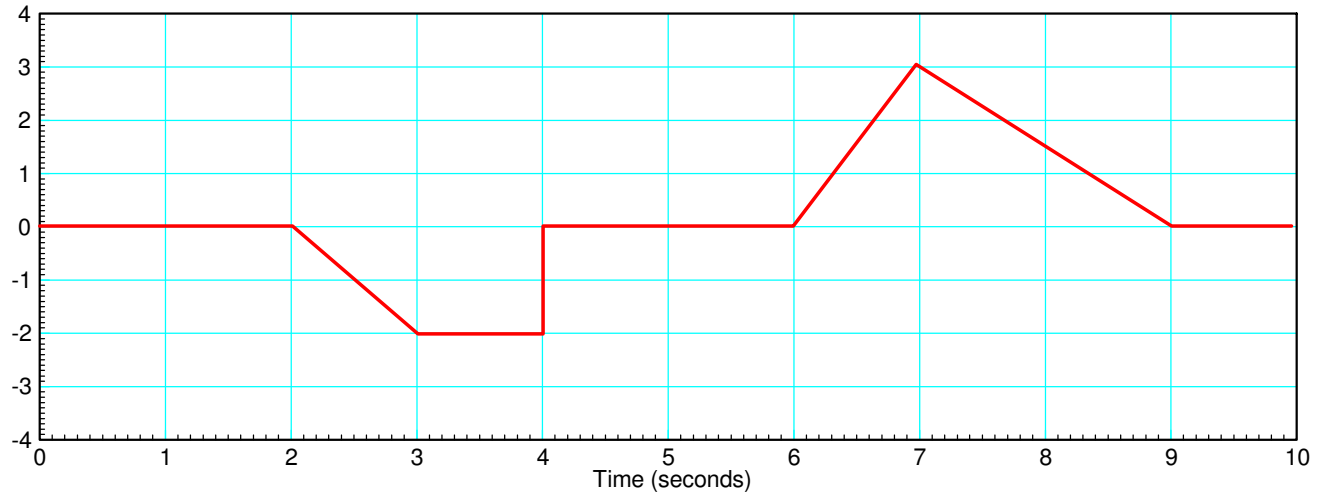


# ECE 111: Handout #11

Week #8: ECE 351 Electromagnetics

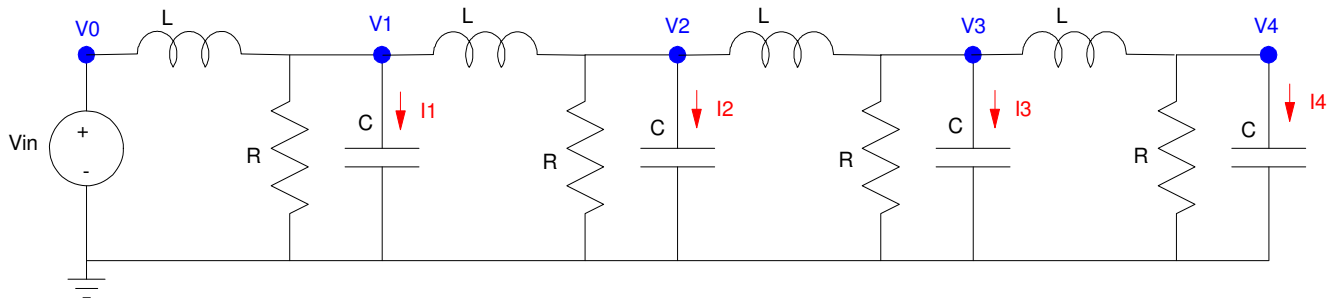
1) Assume the current flowing into a 1H inductor is as shown below. Sketch the voltage.

$$V = L \frac{di}{dt}$$



2) Write the differential equations which describe the following circuit. Assume

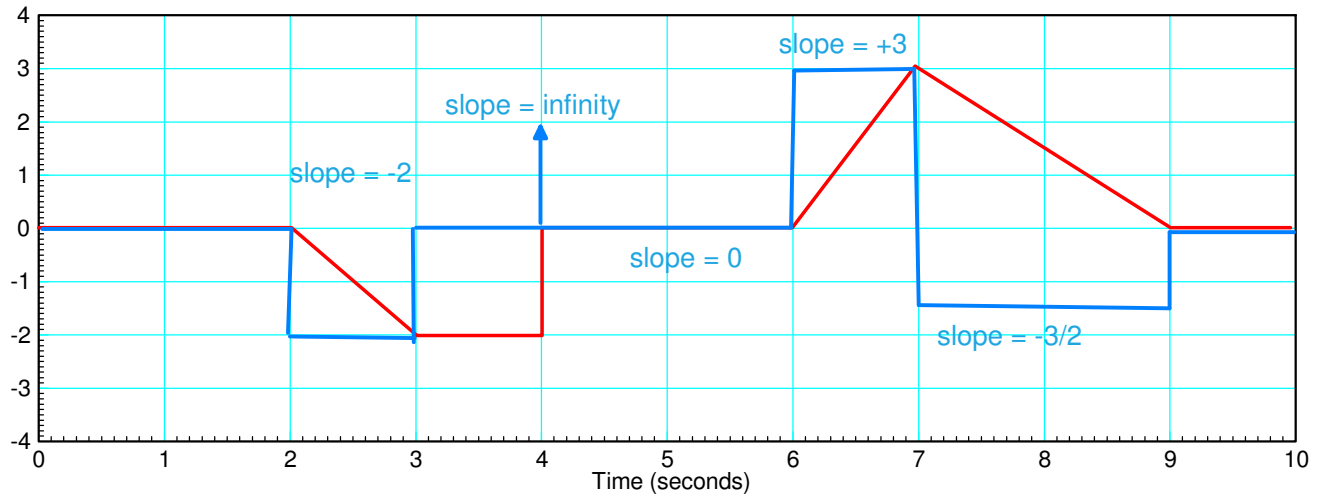
- $L = 0.1$  H
- $C = 0.1$  F
- $R = 10$  Ohms



# Solutions

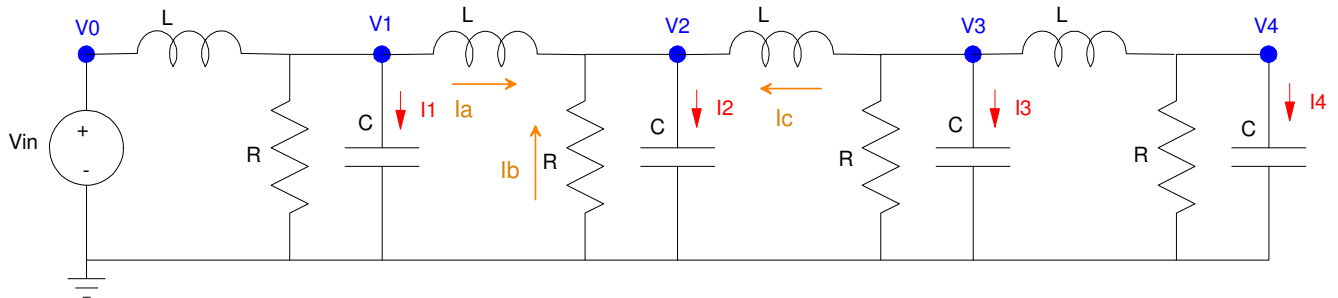
1) Inductors are differentiators:

$$V = L \frac{dI}{dt}$$



2) Write the differential equations which describe the following circuit. Assume

- $L = 0.1 \text{ H}$
- $C = 0.1 \text{ F}$
- $R = 10 \text{ Ohms}$



Use the VI relationship for R, L, and C

$$V = IR, \quad V = L \frac{dI}{dt}, \quad I = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = L \dot{I}_a$$

$$V_3 - V_2 = L \dot{I}_c$$

$$I_b = -\frac{V_2}{R}$$

The node equation at V2 is

$$I_2 = C \dot{V}_2 = I_a + I_b + I_c$$

$$C \dot{V}_2 = I_a - \left( \frac{V_2}{R} \right) + I_c$$

Differentiate

$$C \ddot{V}_2 = \dot{I}_a - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_2}{R} \right) + \dot{I}_c$$

$$C \ddot{V}_2 = \left( \frac{V_1 - V_2}{L} \right) - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_2}{R} \right) + \left( \frac{V_3 - V_2}{L} \right)$$

Ditto for nodes 1..3. Node 4 is a little different since no node #5

$$C \ddot{V}_1 = \left( \frac{V_0 - V_1}{L} \right) - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_1}{R} \right) + \left( \frac{V_2 - V_1}{L} \right)$$

$$C \ddot{V}_2 = \left( \frac{V_1 - V_2}{L} \right) - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_2}{R} \right) + \left( \frac{V_3 - V_2}{L} \right)$$

$$C \ddot{V}_3 = \left( \frac{V_2 - V_3}{L} \right) - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_3}{R} \right) + \left( \frac{V_4 - V_3}{L} \right)$$

$$C \ddot{V}_4 = \left( \frac{V_3 - V_4}{L} \right) - \left( \frac{\dot{V}_4}{R} \right)$$

